Richard B. Jacobsen Environmental Consultant

571 Adley Road Fairfield, Connecticut 06432

Phone: (203) 372-2735 Fax: (203) 373-0844

Vegetation and Wildlife Analysis

155 White Plains Road Tarrytown, NY

Prepared for Crescent Associates

October 23, 2003 Revised June 30, 2004

Existing Vegetation:

Site inspections were made in March and October 2003 and May and June 2004 to determine vegetative community types. The existing vegetative cover of the undeveloped portion of the site is approximately 80% mixed hardwood forest and 20% vine thicket. The vegetative communities reflect that much of the site was previously part of a landscaped environment. Remnants of a paved driveway and areas of ornamental ground cover persist in the central portion of the site. The understory vegetation is predominately the invasive species Norway Maple. There is very little shrub cover and little or no herbaceous cover in the forested area. There are several invasive plant species on the site including Norway Maple, Garlic Mustard, Winged Euonymus and Multiflora Rose. The greatest variety of species is within the forested area immediately adjacent to the trail over the Croton Aqueduct. Significant trees were located by the surveyor and inventoried. A list of plant species found on site is provided in this report.

Existing Wildlife Habitat:

The potential wildlife habitat was originally evaluated during the months of March and October site inspections. Additional site visits were made on May 27 and June 18, 2004. The June 18 inspection included an early morning survey during the time when birds are most active. The additional visits were made based on concerns expressed during the early stages of the SEQR process that evaluation of the bird population during the late spring would provide a more accurate inventory.

The large trees on the site provide canopy habitat for a variety of common songbirds. They also provide a food source for deer, small mammals and turkey. The site is surrounded by commercial and high-density residential development that impacts the use of the site by wildlife. The slopes at the east end of the property contain debris and material from dumping that occurs along the property boundary.

During the course of the spring bird survey an immature Red-tailed Hawk was observed at the top of a large tulip tree in the central portion of the site. The bird's calls were answered by another hawk to the east. There is a possibility that this species nests on or near the site, however, no adult birds were observed and no nest was located.

The potential use of the site by White-tailed deer and the Kentucky Warbler is discussed in detail in the May 19, 2003 report. A transient deer population uses the site as a food source. The Kentucky Warbler was addressed specifically because of a DEC record that this species was breeding within the town at some point but not specifically on this site. As previously reported, the site does not provide habitat for this species and site observations did not indicate its presence. There are no records of known occurrences of rare or state listed animals or plants or significant plant or animal habitats on the site or on adjacent properties.

Anticipated Impacts:

The removal of some large trees will have an impact on the canopy habitat for songbirds. These are species which are adaptable to human activities. A portion of the forested area and tree canopy will be maintained, particularly in the area of steep slopes in the easterly portion of the site and between the proposed stormwater basin and the aqueduct.

The current development plan preserves more existing trees and vegetation than the original proposal. The proposed landscaping will provide increased shrub variety for birds. The stormwater basin will provide wet meadow and upland meadow habitat which does not currently exist on the site. Deer, turkey and small mammals will continue to use the site as a food source.

The unavoidable impacts to the habitats on the site will not result in a significant loss of valuable wildlife. The introduction of new species and habitats will mitigate the minor losses that occur. Some displacement of species will occur, however, the common species, which currently use the site, will continue to find suitable habitat.

Respectfully submitted,

Richard B. Jacobson

Plant List Crescent Associates Property Tarrytown, New York

Scientific Name	Common Name
Acer negundo	Box Elder
Acer platanoides	Norway Maple
Acer rubrum	Red Maple
Acer saccharum	Sugar Maple
Aesculus hippocastanum	Horsechestnut
Alliaria petiolata	Garlic Mustard
Ambrosia artemisifolia	Annual Ragweed
Asclepias syriaca	Common Milkweed
Berberis thunbergii	Japanese Barberry
Betula lenta	Black Birch
Carya ovata	Shagbark Hickory
Celastrus orbiculatus	Asiatic Bittersweet
Cornus florida	Flowering Dogwood
Euomymus alatus	Winged Euonymus
Euthamia graminifolia	Grass-leaved Goldenrod
Fraxinus americana	White Ash
Juniperus virginiana	Eastern Red Cedar
Liquidambar styraciflua	Sweet Gum
Liriodendron tulipfera	Tulip Tree
Onoclea sensibilis	Sensitive Fern
Pachysandra sp.	Pachysandra
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia creeper
Plantago lanceolata	English Plantain
Picea abies	Norway Spruce
Pinus strobus	White Pine
Populus tremuloides	Trembling Aspen
Polygonum spp.	Smartweeds
Polystichum acrostichoides	Christmas Fern
Prunus serotina	Black Cherry
Quercus alba	White Oak
Quercus bicolor	White Oak
Robinia pseudoacacia	Black Locust
Rosa multiflora	Multiflora Rose
Rubus sp.	Brambles
Salix sp.	Willow
Smilax sp.	Greenbriar
Solidago rugosa	Rough-stemmed Goldenrod

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Solidago canadensis	Canada Goldenrod
Toxicodendron radicans	Poison Ivy
Taraxacum officinale	Common Dandelion
Taxus sp.	Yew
Ulmus rubra	Slippery Elm
Urtica dioica	Stinging Nettle
Verbascum thapsus	Common Mullein
Viburnum cassinoides	Withe-rod
Viburnum prunifolium	Black-haw Viburnum
Viola papilionacea	Common violet
Vitis sp.	Grape

Wildlife List Mammals, Reptiles and Amphibians

Scientific Name	Common Name	Occurrence- use of site
Blarina brevicauda	Short Tailed Shrew	Probable
Bufo americanus	Eastern American Toad	Probable
Didelphus virginiana	Opossum	Probable
Mephitis mephitis	Striped Skunk	Probable
Microtus pennsylvanicus	Meadow vole	Probable
Myostis lucifugus	Little Brown Bat	Possible
Myotis serptentrionalis	Keens Myotis	Possible
Odocoileus virginianus	White-tailed Deer	Confirmed
Peromyscus maniculatus	Deer Mouse	Probable
Peromyscus leucopus	White-footed Mouse	Probable
Plethodon cinereus	Redback Salamander	Probable
Procyon lotor	Raccoon	Probable
Rattus norvegicus	Norway Rat	Probable
Sciurus carolinensis	Gray Squirrel	Confirmed
Tamias striatus	Chipmunk	Confirmed
Thamnophis s. sirtalis	Garter Snake	Confirmed
Birds		
Buteo jamaicensis	Red-tailed Hawk	Confirmed
Cathartes aura	Turkey Vulture	Confirmed
Cardinalis cardinalis	Northern Cardinal	Confirmed *
Carduelis tristis	American Goldfinch	Probable
Carpodacus mexicanus	House Finch	Probable
Colaptes auratus	Northern Flicker	Confirmed *
Corvus brachyrhnchos	American Crow	Confirmed *
Cyanocitta cristatta	Blue Jay	Confirmed *
Dumetella carolinensis	Gray Catbird	Confirmed *
Hirundo rustica	Barn Swallow	Confirmed *
Melanerpes carolinus	Red-bellied Woodpecker	Confirmed
Meleagris gallopavo	Wild Turkey	Probable
Melospiza melodia	Song Sparrow	Probable
Mimus polyglottos	Northern Mockingbird	Confirmed *
Seiurus aurocapillus	Ovenbird	Confirmed *
Parus atricapillus	Black-capped Chickadee	Confirmed *
Passer domesticus	House Sparrow	Confirmed *
Parus bicolor	Tufted titmouse	Confirmed *
Pheucticus ludovicianus	Rose-breasted Grosbeak	Confirmed *
Picoides pubescens	Downy Woodpecker	Confirmed *

Picoides villosus	Hairy Woodpecker	Probable
Sitta corolinensis	White-breasted Nuthatch	Confirmed *
Quiscalus quiscala	Common Grackle	Confirmed *
Sturnus vulgaris	Starling	Confirmed *
Thryothorous ludovicianus	Carolina Wren	Possible
Troglodytes aedon	House Wren	Confirmed *
Turdus migratorius	American Robin	Confirmed *
Zenadia macroura	Mourning Dove	Confirmed *

^{*} Probable Breeder